Virginia Western Community College Practical Nursing Program PNE 155 Anatomy and Physiology

Prerequisites: Admission to the Practical Nursing Program

Course Description: Studies the structure and function of the body.

Semester Credits: 3 Lecture Hours - 0 Lab Hours - 3 Credit Hours

**Required Materials** 

Textbook:

Patton, Kevin T. & Thibodeau, Gary A., Structure and Function of the Body, Elsevier, St. Louis, 2020. ISBN: 9780323597791

Other Required Materials:

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, the student should be able to:

1. SAFETY - Discuss the structural foundation of the body and its ability to function, integrating the levels of organization.

SAFETY - Discuss the organizational and functional aspects of cell and tissue organization.
 CRITICAL THINKING - List the major organs of the body and discuss how they function within each system.

4. SAFETY - Discuss the structure and function of each of the following body systems as it relates to health:

•Integumentary System and Body Membranes

•Skeletal System

•Muscular System

•Nervous System and the Senses

•Endocrine System

- •Blood and Lymphatic Systems
- •Cardiovascular System
- •Respiratory System
- •Digestive System
- •Urinary System
- •Reproductive System

5. TEAMWORK - Discuss the practical nurse's role in providing safe and holistic nursing care by promoting preventative health behaviors for patients, family, and community.

6. PATIENT CENTERED CARE - Describe basic body system abnormalities that may manifest and be observed by a nurse when delivering patient-centered care.

7. CRITICAL THINKING - Demonstrate basic use of critical thinking skills while utilizing the nursing process in how the major organs of the body function/work synergistically to maintain optimal health.

8. EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICE - Discuss how current health care trends affect body systems in relation to preventative health and health management behaviors of patients, family and community.

9. INFORMATICS - Utilize course content and use of technology for the purpose of gathering data, organizing data, and communication of data collected as it relates to nursing care.
10. CULTURE - Discuss cultural, ethical, and spiritual differences in various patient populations.

# **Topical Description**

## 1. Introduction to the body

Language of science and medicine Scientific method Levels of organization Anatomical position Anatomical directions Planes of the body Body cavities Body regions Balance of body functions

# 2. Chemistry of life

Language of science and medicine Levels of chemical organization Chemical bonding Inorganic chemistry Organic chemistry Chemistry in the human body

# 3. Cells

Language of science and medicine Overview of cells Parts of the cell Relationship of cell structure and function Movement of substances through cell membranes Cell growth and reproduction

## 4. Tissues

Language of science and medicine Introduction to tissues Epithelial tissue Connective tissue Muscle tissue Nervous tissue

#### 5. Organ systems

Language of science and medicine Organ systems The body as a whole

#### 6. Skin and membranes

Language of science and medicine Body membranes Skin Skin cancer Burns

#### 7. Skeletal system

Language of science and medicine Functions of the skeletal system Gross structure of bones Microscopic structure of bones Bone development Axial skeleton Appendicular skeleton Skeletal variations Joints

#### 8. Muscular system

Language of science and medicine Muscle tissue Structure of skeletal muscle Functions of skeletal muscle Role of other body systems in movement Motor unit Muscle stimulus Types of skeletal muscle contractions Effects of exercise on skeletal muscle Movements produced by skeletal muscle contractions Skeletal muscle groups

#### 9. Nervous system

Language of science and medicine Organization of the nervous system Cells of the nervous system Nerves and tracts Nerve signals Central nervous system Peripheral nervous system Autonomic nervous system

### 10. Senses

Language of science and medicine Classification of senses Sensory pathways General senses Special senses Integration of senses

### 11. Endocrine system

Language of science and medicine Endocrine glands Mechanisms of hormone action Regulation of hormone secretion Prostaglandins Pituitary gland Hypothalamus Thyroid gland Parathyroid glands Adrenal glands Pancreatic islets Sex glands Thymus Placenta Pineal gland Endocrine functions throughout the body

### 12. Blood

Language of science and medicine Blood composition Red blood cells White blood cells Platelets and blood clotting

#### 13. Cardiovascular system

Language of science and medicine Heart Blood vessels Routes of circulation Hemodynamics Pulse

#### 14. Lymphatic system and immunity

Language of science and medicine Lymphatic system Immune system Immune system molecules Immune system cells

#### 15. Respiratory system

Language of science and medicine Structural plan Upper respiratory tract Lower respiratory tract Respiration Pulmonary ventilation Gas exchange and transport

#### 16. Digestive system

Language of science and medicine Overview of digestion Wall of the digestive tract Mouth Pharynx Esophagus Stomach Small intestine Liver and gallbladder Pancreas Large intestine Appendix Peritoneum Digestion Absorption

18. Urinary system

Language of science and medicine Kidneys Formation of urine Control of urine volume Elimination of urine Urinalysis

## 19. Fluid and electrolyte balance

Language of science and medicine Body fluid volumes Body fluid compartments Mechanisms that maintain fluid balance Fluid imbalances Importance of electrolytes in body fluids Electrolyte imbalances

20. Acid-base balance

Language of science and medicine pH of body fluids Mechanisms that control pH of body fluids pH imbalances

21. Reproductive systems

Language of science and medicine Sexual reproduction Male reproductive system Female reproductive system Summary of the reproductive systems

Notes to Instructor