Virginia Western Community College SPA 101 Beginning Spanish I

Prerequisites

None

Course Description

Introduces understanding, speaking, reading, and writing skills and emphasizes basic Spanish sentence structure. May include an additional hour of oral drill and practice per week. Part I of II. (VCCS MCR Description)

Semester Credits: 4 Lecture Hours: 4

Required Materials

- 1. Textbook
- 2. Internet access
- 3. Canvas

Textbook:

Sessiones Software; Linguameeting 978-1-644-67076-7

Open Educational Resources

Other Required Materials:

None

Course Outcomes

At the completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- State the main ideas and supporting details of short readings.
- Write simple Spanish based on chapter topics and vocabulary.
- Acquire, recognize, and recall extensive Spanish vocabulary.
- Employ vocabulary and grammar effectively in creating Spanish conversation that is intelligible to native speakers.
- Discover and describe parallels among language patterns (within Spanish and between Spanish and English).
- Develop an understanding, awareness and appreciation of Hispanic cultures.

Topical Description

| 1 | Structures • The Spanish alphabet • Numbers 0-30 • Likes and Dislikes with gustar • Nouns and articles • Greetings and Courtesy Expressions • Subject pronouns and the present tense of ser (to be) • Interrogatives: How? What? Where? Who? • Telling time • Answering question with the verb gustar |
|---|---|
| 2 | Structures Agreement of noun and gender between definite and indefinite articles Formation of yes/no questions and answers Interrogatives: What? Which? When? How much? How many? Adjective form, position and agreement The present tense of regular <i>ar</i> verbs Persons, places, and things at the university |
| 3 | Structures The numbers 31-100 Possessive adjectives Vocabulary about family members, adjectives of nationalities, pets, The present tense of <i>er</i> and <i>ir</i> verbs Summary of uses of <i>ser</i> Introduction to the verbs <i>estar</i> and <i>tener</i> Contraction of <i>de el (del)</i> Adjectives to describe people, places and things |

| 4 | Structures |
|---|---|
| | The present tense of stem-changing verbs: e-ie, e-i, o-ue |
| | • The present tense of <i>tener</i> and some idiomatic expressions |
| | • The present tense of <i>venir</i> |
| | • The present tense of the verbs <i>poder</i> , <i>preferir</i> , and <i>querer</i> |
| | • Contraction of <i>a el (al)</i> |
| | • The present tense of <i>ir</i> |
| | • Construction of $ir + a + inifinitive$ to speak about the future |
| | Demonstrative adjectives and pronouns |
| | • The number beyond 100 |
| | Vocabulary to go shopping |
| | The colors – to be taught in chapter 1 |
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| 5 | Structures |
| | Reflexive constructions: pronouns and verbs |
| | • Present tense of the verbs hacer, oir, poner, salir, traer, and ver |
| | Some idiomatic expressions with the verb hacer |
| | • Different meanings of <i>salir</i> depending on the preposition (<i>con, de,</i> |
| | para) |
| | • The prepositions <i>durante</i> and <i>sin</i> and thelocutions <i>antes de</i> and |
| | después de |
| | The present tense of stem-changing verbs: e-i |
| | More verbs with e-ie and o-ue stem changes |
| | Vocabulary to talk about things and places in a house |
| | The days of the week - to be taught in Chapter 1 |
| | |
| 6 | Structures |
| | Present progressive construction |
| | • The usage of ser and estar |
| | The present tense conjugation of the verb seguir |
| | Comparisons of inequality, equality and superlative |
| | Talking about the weather |
| | Idiomatic expressions with hacer |
| | Vocabulary to talk about the seasons and the weather |
| | \circ The months of the year and the seasons of the year – to be taught |
| | in Chapter 1 |
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Notes to Instructors

None ADA Statement (PDF)

Title IX Statement (PDF)